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**Connections for general use and fluid  
power — Ports and stud ends with  
ISO 228-1 threads with elastomeric or  
metal-to-metal sealing —**

**Part 1:  
Threaded ports**

*Raccordements pour applications générales et transmissions  
hydrauliques et pneumatiques — Orifices et éléments mâles à filetage  
ISO 228-1 à joint en élastomère ou étanchéité métal sur métal —*

*Partie 1: Orifices filetés*



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# Contents

	Page
Foreword.....	iv
Introduction.....	v
<b>1 Scope</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>2 Normative references</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>3 Terms and definitions</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>4 Dimensions</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>5 Test methods</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>6 Designation of ports</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>7 Identification statement</b> (reference to this part of ISO 1179).....	<b>3</b>
<b>Annex A</b> (informative) <b>Port depths from ISO 1179:1981 used in pneumatic applications where stud ends interface with ISO 7-1 male taper threads</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>Bibliography</b> .....	<b>6</b>

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received. [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 131, *Fluid power systems*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Connectors and similar products and components*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 1179-1:2007), which has been technically revised.

ISO 1179 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Connections for general use and fluid power — Ports and stud ends with ISO 228-1 threads with elastomeric or metal-to-metal sealing*:

- Part 1: Threaded ports
- Part 2: Heavy-duty (S series) and light-duty (L series) stud ends with elastomeric sealing (type E)
- Part 3: Light-duty (L series) stud ends with sealing by O-ring with retaining ring (types G and H)
- Part 4: Stud ends for general use only with metal-to-metal sealing (type B)

## Introduction

In fluid power systems, power is transmitted and controlled through a fluid (liquid or gas) under pressure within a circuit. In general applications, a fluid can be conveyed under pressure. Components are connected through their threaded ports by fluid conductor connectors to tubes and pipes or to hose fittings and hoses.

Ports are an integral part of fluid power components, such as pumps, motors, valves, cylinders, etc.

For threaded ports and stud ends specified in new designs in hydraulic fluid power applications, ISO/TC 131/SC 4 recommends that the ISO 6149 series be used because these International Standards specify ports and stud ends with metric threads and O-ring sealing and because the subcommittee would like to help users by recommending one preferred system. ISO/TC 131/SC 4 further recommends that threaded ports and stud ends in accordance with the ISO 1179 series, ISO 9974 series and ISO 11926 series not be used for new designs in hydraulic fluid power applications; these International Standards will be maintained because they specify ports and stud ends that are currently used in hydraulic systems worldwide.

For threaded ports and stud ends specified in new designs in pneumatic fluid power applications, ISO/TC 131/SC 4 recommends that ISO 16030 be used, except where products are to interface with ISO 7-1 threads, because the subcommittee would like to help users by recommending one preferred system. ISO/TC 131/SC 4 further recommends that threaded ports and stud ends in accordance with the ISO 1179 series not be used for new designs in pneumatic fluid power applications; these International Standards will be maintained because they specify ports and stud ends that are currently used in pneumatic systems worldwide.

Significant testing over more than 35 years of use has confirmed the performance requirements of connection ends made from carbon steel. The stud end connections specified in ISO 1179-2, ISO 1179-3 and ISO 1179-4 apply to connectors detailed in ISO 8434-1, ISO 8434-2 and ISO 8434-4<sup>1)</sup>.

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1) Withdrawn.

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# Connections for general use and fluid power — Ports and stud ends with ISO 228-1 threads with elastomeric or metal-to-metal sealing —

## Part 1: Threaded ports

**CAUTION** — The use of ports conforming to this part of ISO 1179 with stud ends conforming to the relevant parts of ISO 6149, ISO 9974 and ISO 11926 could lead to a hazardous situation.

### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 1179 specifies dimensions for ports with ISO 228-1 threads for use with non-adjustable stud ends described in ISO 1179-2, ISO 1179-3 and ISO 1179-4 and with adjustable stud ends described in ISO 1179-3.

Ports in accordance with this part of ISO 1179 are applicable for use with

- ISO 1179-2 heavy-duty (S series) stud ends with type E sealing at working pressures up to 63 MPa (630 bar) and light-duty (L series) stud ends at working pressures up to 25 MPa (250 bar),
- ISO 1179-3 light-duty (L series) stud ends with type G sealing at working pressures up to 31,5 MPa (315 bar) and ISO 1179-3 light-duty (L series) adjustable stud ends with type H sealing at working pressures up to 20 MPa (200 bar), and
- ISO 1179-4 stud ends with type B sealing at working pressures up to 40 MPa (400 bar) for the S series, up to 25 MPa (250 bar) for the L series, and up to 10 MPa (100 bar) for the LL series,

except for the G2 size port, which in hydraulic fluid power systems is used mainly with accumulators and for which ISO 1179-3 and ISO 1179-4 do not specify stud ends. The permissible working pressure depends upon size, materials, design, working conditions, application, etc.

Users of this part of ISO 1179 should ensure that there is sufficient material around the port to maintain the pressure.

**NOTE** The introduction of this part of ISO 1179 gives recommendations for ports and stud ends to be used for new designs in hydraulic and pneumatic fluid power applications.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 228-1, *Pipe threads where pressure-tight joints are not made on the threads — Part 1: Dimensions, tolerances and designation*

ISO 1179-2, *Connections for general use and fluid power — Ports and stud ends with ISO 228-1 threads with elastomeric or metal-to-metal sealing — Part 2: Heavy-duty (S series) and light-duty (L series) stud ends with elastomeric sealing (type E)*

ISO 1179-3, *Connections for general use and fluid power — Ports and stud ends with ISO 228-1 threads with elastomeric or metal-to-metal sealing — Part 3: Light-duty (L series) stud ends with sealing by O-ring with retaining ring (types G and H)*

ISO 1179-4, *Connections for general use and fluid power — Ports and stud ends with ISO 228-1 threads with elastomeric or metal-to-metal sealing — Part 4: Stud ends for general use only with metal-to-metal sealing (type B)*

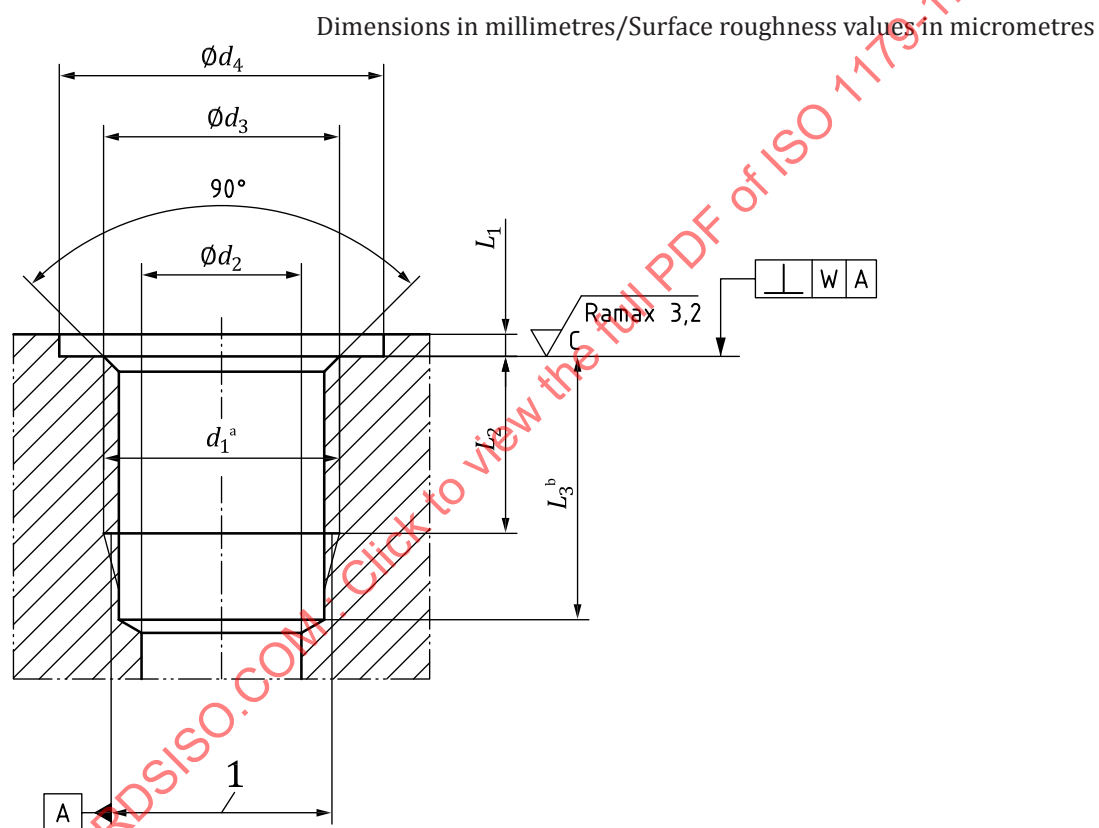
ISO 5598, *Fluid power systems and components — Vocabulary*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5598 apply.

### 4 Dimensions

Ports shall conform to the dimensions shown in [Figure 1](#) and given in [Table 1](#).



#### Key

- 1 thread pitch diameter
- a Thread.
- b Dimension  $L_3$  applies when the tap drill cannot pass through entire boss.

Figure 1 — ISO 1179-1 port



**Table 1 — Dimensions for ISO 1179-1 ports**

Dimensions in millimetres

Thread $d_1^a$	$d_2$ ref.	$d_3$		$d_4^b$ min.		$L_1$ max.	$L_2$ min.	$L_3^c$ min.	$W$
		nom.	tol.	Type N (narrow)	Type W (wide)				
G 1/8	4,5	9,8	+0,2 0	15	17,2	1	8,5	10,5	0,1
G 1/4	7,5	13,2		20	20,7	1,5	12,5	15,5	0,1
G 3/8	9	16,7		23	24,5	2	12,5	15,5	0,1
G 1/2	14	21		28	29,6	2,5	15	19	0,1
G 3/4	18	26,5		33	36,9	2,5	16,5	20,5	0,2
G 1	23	33,3	+0,3 0	41	46,1	2,5	19	24	0,2
G 1 1/4	30	42		51	54	2,5	21,5	26,5	0,2
G 1 1/2	36	47,9		56	60,5	2,5	22,5	27,5	0,2
G 2 <sup>d</sup>	47	59,7		76	—	3	26	31	0,2

<sup>a</sup> Size and dimensions in accordance with ISO 228-1.

<sup>b</sup> Type N corresponds to the spot face to be used with male stud end types B and E in ISO 1179-2 and ISO 1179-4. Type W corresponds to the spot face to be used with male stud end types G and H in accordance with ISO 1179-3.

<sup>c</sup> Given tap drill depths require the use of a bottoming tap to produce the specified full thread lengths. Where standard taps are used, increase tap drill depths accordingly.

<sup>d</sup> The G2 size port is used in hydraulic fluid power systems mainly in accumulators. ISO 1179-3 and ISO 1179-4 do not specify stud ends for the G2 size port.

## 5 Test methods

Ports shall be tested along with stud ends in accordance with the test methods and requirements given in ISO 1179-2, ISO 1179-3 and ISO 1179-4. For rated pressures lower than those specified in ISO 1179-2, ISO 1179-3 and ISO 1179-4, the test pressures shall be agreed upon between the manufacturer and user.

## 6 Designation of ports

The ports shall be designated by:

- "Port";
- reference to this part of ISO 1179, i.e. ISO 1179-1, followed by a spaced hyphen;
- thread size, followed by a spaced hyphen;
- the letter symbol for the relevant spot face type. If no letter symbol is added, it is assumed that a type W (wide) spot face is used; otherwise, N shall be used to designate that a type N (narrow) spot face is used.

**EXAMPLE** A port conforming to this part of ISO 1179 with a G 1/8 thread in accordance with ISO 228-1 and a narrow spot face is designated as follows:

**Port ISO 1179-1 - G 1/8 - N**

## 7 Identification statement (reference to this part of ISO 1179)

It is strongly recommended to manufacturers who have chosen to conform to this part of ISO 1179 that the following statement be used in test reports, catalogues and sales literature:

“Ports conform to ISO 1179-1, *Connections for general use and fluid power — Ports and stud ends with ISO 228-1 threads with elastomeric or metal-to metal sealing — Part 1: Threaded ports.*”

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## Annex A

### (informative)

### Port depths from ISO 1179:1981 used in pneumatic applications where stud ends interface with ISO 7-1 male taper threads

See [Table A.1](#).

**Table A.1 — Port depths from ISO 1179:1981 used in pneumatic applications where stud ends interface with ISO 7-1 male taper threads**

Thread	Port depth $L_2$ min.		Difference in port depths
	ISO 1179-1:2007	ISO 1179:1981	
G 1/8	8,5	7,4	1,1
G 1/4	12,5	11,0	1,5
G 3/8	12,5	11,4	1,1
G 1/2	15,0	15,0	0
G 3/4	16,5	16,3	0,2
G 1	19,0	19,1	-0,1
G 1 1/4	21,5	21,4	0,1
G 1 1/2	22,5	21,4	1,1
G 2	26,0	25,7	0,3

The shorter port depths in ISO 1179:1981 are currently used worldwide in pneumatic applications where they interface with ISO 7-1 male taper threads. For new pneumatic designs, it is recommended that ports in accordance with ISO 16030 be used.

(ISO 1179:1981, *Pipe connections, threaded to ISO 228/1, for plain end steel and other metal tubes in industrial applications*, was cancelled and replaced by ISO 1179-1:2007, which in turn has been replaced by the present edition of this part of ISO 1179.)