

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD

General Tolerances for Metric Dimensioned Products

ANSI B4.3 - 1978

REAFFIRMED 1999

FOR CURRENT COMMITTEE PERSONNEL
PLEASE SEE ASME MANUAL AS-11

SECRETARIAT

THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERS

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FOREWORD

The American National Standards Committee B4 was reorganized in November 1975 and renamed "Standardization of Allowances and Tolerances for Manufactured Parts". A need for a general tolerancing system similar to, and recommended to be used with, the ANSI B4.2 standard on Preferred Metric Limits and Fits was recognized. The International Standard ISO 2768, Permissible Machining Variations in Dimensions Without Tolerance Indications, was prepared by the Technical Committee ISO/TC3—Limits and Fits, for the above purpose, and it was approved by the U.S.A. and 22 other countries in 1972. It was decided by the B4 Committee that a similar American standard be prepared based on the ISO 2768 standard.

A draft proposal was circulated for letter ballot of the Committee on October 14, 1976. Comments received as a result of this ballot led to changes of the original draft proposal and subsequent approval of the text by the B4 Standards Committee. Final approval for this standard was granted by the American National Standards Institute on 16 March 1978.

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Standardization of Allowances and Tolerances for Manufactured Parts

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**AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD
GENERAL TOLERANCES FOR METRIC DIMENSIONED PRODUCTS**

1 SCOPE

This standard shows how to specify the general tolerances for metric dimensions without tolerance designation.

The fine and medium tolerance series, as shown in Table 1, are mostly applicable to machined parts, and the coarse series show tolerances for use on all types of dimensions.

2 TOLERANCE INDICATION

All drawing dimensions of parts shall be associated with tolerance data. These data may be expressed as follows:

- a. As specified limits or a tolerance applied directly to the dimension.
- b. As specified in other documents referenced on the drawing.
- c. In a general tolerance note referring to all dimensions on a drawing for which tolerances are not otherwise specified.

3 GENERAL TOLERANCE NOTE

Where a general tolerance note is to be used to control dimensions without specified tolerances, one of the following methods is recommended:

3.1 Linear Dimensions

1. Specify a permissible variation equal to $\pm$ one half of an International Tolerance (IT) Grade (see American National Standard on Preferred Metric Limits and Fits, B4.2-1978 Appendix B, Table B1) by reference to the IT grade in a tolerance note as follows for tolerance grade IT14:

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ALL
UNTOLERANCED DIMENSIONS ARE
 $\pm \frac{IT14}{2}$

2. Specify one of the three series given in Table 1 as the following examples show for a medium series:

- a. With a note:

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, THE

**GENERAL TOLERANCE SPECIFIED
IN ANSI B4.3 MEDIUM SERIES APPLY**

- b. With a table:

Dimensions in mm							
GENERAL TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED THE FOLLOWING TOLERANCES ARE APPLICABLE							
LINEAR	OVER TO	0.5 6	6 30	30 120	120 315	315 1000	1000 2000
TOL	$\pm$	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.2

3. Specify general tolerances expressed as a function of the number of digits following the decimal point in the linear dimension such as shown in the example below:

Dimensions in mm					
GENERAL TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED THE FOLLOWING TOLERANCES ARE APPLICABLE					
LINEAR	OVER TO	— 120	120 315	315 1000	1000 —
TOL	ONE DECIMAL $\pm$	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.2
	NO DECIMALS $\pm$	0.8	1.2	2	3

4. Specify a single tolerance value for all untoleranced nominal dimensions by a tolerance note as follows:

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ALL
UNTOLERANCED DIMENSIONS ARE
 ± 0.8 mm.

NOTE

This method is recommended only where the magnitude of the dimensions on the drawing do not vary appreciably.